

Package: R62S3 (via r-universe)

September 18, 2024

Title Automatic Method Generation from R6

Version 1.4.3

Description After defining an R6 class, R62S3 is used to automatically generate optional S3/S4 generics and methods for dispatch. Also allows piping for R6 objects.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports data.table, methods

Suggests pkgdown, testthat, R6

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URL <https://xoops.github.io/R62S3/>, <https://github.com/xoopR/R62S3>

BugReports <https://github.com/xoopR/R62S3/issues>

Repository <https://xoops.r-universe.dev>

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R62Fun

*Method Generator from R6 Class***Description**

Auto-generates functions from an R6 Class.

Usage

```
R62Fun(
  R6Class,
  assignEnvir = parent.env(environment()),
  detectGeneric = TRUE,
  mask = FALSE,
  dispatchClasses = list(R6Class),
  scope = "public",
  arg1 = "object",
  exclude = NULL
)
```

Arguments

R6Class	R6ClassGenerator to generate public methods from
assignEnvir	environment in which to assign the generics/methods, default is parent of current environment.
detectGeneric	logical, if TRUE (default) detects if the method has a S3 or S4 generic and defines functions accordingly
mask	logical, determines if non-generic functions should be masked if found, see details.
dispatchClasses	list of classes to assign dispatch methods on
scope	determines the scope of methods that should be copied, either "public", "active" or both
arg1	if mask == TRUE or no generic is found, then arg1 determines what name to give to the first argument in the generic.
exclude	an optional character vector naming the public methods or active bindings to exclude from the generator

Details

If scope == "public" then searches in a given [R6::R6Class](#) for all public methods that are not initialize or clone. If scope == "active" then searches for all active bindings. Currently there is only support for calling active bindings but not setting them. If scope == c("public", "active") then both are included. Any methods/bindings passed to exclude will be ignored in the search.

If `mask == TRUE` then the generator ignores if a generic or method of the same name exists and will create a new function. If `mask == FALSE` then the generator will create a new generic only if an existing generic does not already exist. Methods and generics are created using standard convention.

The optional `dispatchClasses` argument takes a list of `R6::R6Classes` and allows methods to be created for multiple classes at one time.

S3 generics are detected with `utils::isS3stdGeneric()` and S4 generics are detected with `methods::.S4methods()`.

Value

Assigns generics/methods/functions to the chosen environment.

See Also

Other R62s: [R62S3\(\)](#), [R62S4\(\)](#)

Examples

```
printMachine <- R6::R6Class("printMachine",
  public = list(initialize = function() {},
    printer = function(str) print(str)),
  active = list(Status = function() "Printing"))

pm <- printMachine$new()

# scope = public
R62Fun(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv())
printer(pm, "Test String B")

# scope = active
R62Fun(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv(), scope = 'active')

# note support for accessing only, cannot assign
# values to an active binding
Status(pm)
```

R62S3

S3 Method Generator from R6 Class

Description

Auto-generates S3 generics from an R6 Class.

Usage

```
R62S3(
  R6Class,
  dispatchClasses = list(R6Class),
  assignEnvir = parent.env(environment()),
```

```

    mask = FALSE,
    scope = "public",
    arg1 = "object",
    exclude = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

<code>R6Class</code>	<code>R6ClassGenerator</code> to generate public methods from
<code>dispatchClasses</code>	list of classes to assign dispatch methods on
<code>assignEnvir</code>	environment in which to assign the generics/methods, default is parent of current environment.
<code>mask</code>	logical, determines if non-generic functions should be masked if found, see details.
<code>scope</code>	determines the scope of methods that should be copied, either "public", "active" or both
<code>arg1</code>	if <code>mask == TRUE</code> or no generic is found, then <code>arg1</code> determines what name to give to the first argument in the generic.
<code>exclude</code>	an optional character vector naming the public methods or active bindings to exclude from the generator

Details

If `scope == "public"` then searches in a given [R6::R6Class](#) for all public methods that are not initialize or clone. If `scope == "active"` then searches for all active bindings. Currently there is only support for calling active bindings but not setting them. If `scope == c("public", "active")` then both are included. Any methods/bindings passed to `exclude` will be ignored in the search.

If `mask == TRUE` then the generator ignores if a generic or method of the same name exists and will create a new S3 generic/method. If `mask == FALSE` then the generator will create a new generic only if an existing generic does not already exist. Methods and generics are created using standard convention.

The optional `dispatchClasses` argument takes a list of [R6::R6Classes](#) and allows methods to be created for multiple classes at one time.

S3 generics are detected with `utils::isS3stdGeneric()`.

Value

Assigns generics/methods/functions to the chosen environment.

See Also

Other R62s: [R62Fun\(\)](#), [R62S4\(\)](#)

Examples

```

printMachine <- R6::R6Class("printMachine",
  public = list(initialize = function() {},
                printer = function(str) print(str)),
  active = list(Status = function() "Printing"))

pm <- printMachine$new()

# scope = public
R62S3(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv())
printer(pm, "Test String B")

# scope = active
R62S3(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv(), scope = 'active')

# note support for accessing only, cannot assign
# values to an active binding
Status(pm)

```

R62S4

S4 Method Generator from R6 Class

Description

Auto-generates S4 generics from an R6 Class.

Usage

```

R62S4(
  R6Class,
  dispatchClasses = list(R6Class),
  assignEnvir = parent.env(environment()),
  mask = FALSE,
  scope = "public",
  arg1 = "object",
  exclude = NULL
)

```

Arguments

R6Class	R6ClassGenerator to generate public methods from
dispatchClasses	list of classes to assign dispatch methods on
assignEnvir	environment in which to assign the generics/methods, default is parent of current environment.
mask	logical, determines if non-generic functions should be masked if found, see details.

scope	determines the scope of methods that should be copied, either "public", "active" or both
arg1	if mask == TRUE or no generic is found, then arg1 determines what name to give to the first argument in the generic.
exclude	an optional character vector naming the public methods or active bindings to exclude from the generator

Details

If scope == "public" then searches in a given [R6::R6Class](#) for all public methods that are not initialize or clone. If scope == "active" then searches for all active bindings. Currently there is only support for calling active bindings but not setting them. If scope == c("public", "active") then both are included. Any methods/bindings passed to exclude will be ignored in the search.

If mask == TRUE then the generator ignores if a generic or method of the same name exists and will create a new S4 generic/method. If mask == FALSE then the generator will create a new generic only if an existing generic does not already exist. Methods and generics are created using standard convention.

The optional dispatchClasses argument takes a list of [R6::R6Classes](#) and allows methods to be created for multiple classes at one time.

S4 generics are detected with [methods::.S4methods\(\)](#).

Value

Assigns generics/methods/functions to the chosen environment.

Assigns methods and generics to the chosen environment.

See Also

[methods::setMethod](#) [methods::setGeneric](#)

Other R62s: [R62Fun\(\)](#), [R62S3\(\)](#)

Examples

```
printMachine <- R6::R6Class("printMachine",
  public = list(initialize = function() {},
    printer = function(str) print(str)),
  active = list(Status = function() "Printing"))

pm <- printMachine$new()

# scope = public
R62S4(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv())
printer(pm, "Test String B")

# scope = active
R62S4(printMachine, assignEnvir = topenv(), scope = 'active')

# note support for accessing only, cannot assign
```

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values to an active binding
Status(pm)

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